

# **Italy** enforcement system e-manual



This publication was funded by the European Union's Justice Programme (2014-2020)

#### **Disclaimer:**

The content of this publication represents the views of the authors, only, and is their sole responsibility. The European Commission does not accept any responsibility for use that may be made of the information it contains.



## **Monetary Claims**



## Non-Monetary Claims

- → Handing over movable assets
- → Eviction
- → Obligations to act, refrain from acting or suffer action

# **WHO ENFORCES**



## Judicial Officer

- → Enforcement of enforceable titles
  (judgment, injunction, promissory note, validation of eviction, court order of transfer, etc.) through execution of enforcement acts
- → Protest of promissory notes, cheques and equivalent titles
- → Service of documents
- $\rightarrow$  Other deeds according to law



- → Acting in any opposition and dispute arising at the time of enforcement
- → Overseeing final stage of enforcement procedure



### **Enforceable title**





### Service of writ of execution ("preceto") upon creditor's initiative

→ Notice to the debtor to comply with the obligation arising from the enforceable title within a term of no less than ten days





### Initiation of enforcement

#### Different enforcement methods can be independently carried out against the same debtor:

- → Attachment of movable assets
- → Attachment of assets from third party (bank account, wages, rent, etc.)
- → Attachment of immovable assets



### Difficult to establish duration of enforcement procedure

### **Examples:**

- Possible duration of enforcement against movable property/third parties: 6 - 12 months
- Possible duration of enforcement on real estate: 1 – 5 years

# **HOW MUCH DOES THE PROCESS COST**



Not possible to define a standard cost for proceedings due to varying duration, procedural steps and professionals' intervention

### Judicial officer's fees

→ expected total amount:

20 - 150 euro

#### **Costs for enforcement**

#### on immovable assets

→ Approximately 20% - 25% of the credit to recover

