

Belgium enforcement system e-manual



This publication was funded by the European Union's Justice Programme (2014-2020)

Disclaimer:

The content of this publication represents the views of the authors, only, and is their sole responsibility. The European Commission does not accept any responsibility for use that may be made of the information it contains.

WHAT IS ENFORCED

Enforcement Title

- → Judgment
- → Notarial deed with enforcement clause
- → Administrative act enforceable by law
- → Decision issued under a tax law





- Movable assets
- → Attachments to bank accounts
- → Wages and other permanent Income
- → Savings deposits and current accounts
- → Immovable property
- → Shares

WHO ENFORCES





- → Public servant, self-employed
- → Obliged to carry out their duties when requested
- → Cannot act on behalf of spouse, relatives and allies in direct line, nor those of spouse, relatives and collateral allies up to the fourth degree
- → Must refuse services when the mission is illegal or contrary to public order or good morals

ENFORCEMENT PROCEDURE



Initiate enforcement

→ Notify the initiation of the enforcement process



Collect information on debtor through

- → National Registry
- → Registry of companies
- → Employee Registry
- → Vehicle Registry
- → Centralized file of seizure notification



Take enforcement action against

- → Movable assets
- → Bank accounts of the debtor
- → Savings deposits and current accounts
- → Immovable property
- → Wages and other permanent pecuniary income
- → Debtor's debtors
- → Shares



End enforcement procedures

→ Finalise enforcement procedures

HOW LONG DOES THE PROCESS LAST



Duration varies depending on

- → Solvency of the debtor
- → Enforcement proceedings initiated

The average duration is as follows

- → Movable property procedure
- → Real estate procedure
- → Attachment on bank accounts
- → Eviction procedure

- \rightarrow +/- 2 months
- \rightarrow +/- 4 months
- → +/- 3 months
- \rightarrow +/- 2 months



HOW MUCH DOES THE PROCESS COST



Fees are determined by royal decree They impose fixed costs for each action performed by the judicial officer in enforcement proceedings

→ Fixed fees

fee calculated in progressive instalments, depending on the value of the claim.

→ Proportional fee

Remuneration in addition to the graduated fees according to the time required for the performance of the service concerned. A distinction sis made between the session due for any service and the hourly session.

→ Service fee

Established according to a decreasing percentage by instalments and relates to: Acts of protest; Public sales; and distribution procedures by contribution.

→ Fixed fees

Payment for one-off steps from the dispatch or a copy of a court decision, the cost of correspondence and stationer or steps at the mortgage office etc

→ Fees and disbursements

Reimbursement of costs and transportation expenses

